Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (a)	Pale/light and green/yellow	clear	1
	Allow (virtually) colourless	green	
		any other colour	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1	Red/brown (solution)	Purple (or in combination with red or brown) Pale yellow	1
(b)(i)	Allow yellow	Orange (or in combination with red or	
	Ignore (From) to	brown) Reject any other colours alone or in combination Grey/black (or any other colour alone or in combination) solid	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (b)(ii)	$\begin{array}{l} Cl_2(aq) + 2I^-(aq) \rightarrow 2CI^-(aq) + I_2(aq)/(s) \\ \text{Entities (1)} \\ \text{Balancing and all four state symbols} \\ \text{Dependent on correct entities (1)} \\ Cl_2(aq) + 2KI(aq) \rightarrow 2KCl(aq) + I_2(aq)/(s) \\ 1 \text{ max} \\ K^+(aq) \text{ on both sides of otherwise correct} \\ equation 1 \text{ max} \end{array}$		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (c)(i)	Starch (1)	Any other indicator e.g. methyl orange/ phenolphthalein = 0/2	2
	Blue/black to colourless Dependent on starch indicator (1) Accept: no indicator needed (1) Yellow to colourless (1) Blank for indicator and yellow to colourless 1max	Colourless to blue/black Blue/black to clear Any mention of purple	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1	(ii) – (vi) General comme		1
(c) (ii)	Allow correct answers with no working in all parts		
	N.B. Mark each part to mark scheme answer first then allow TE from earlier parts.		
	Minimum correct to 2SF. Penalise SF for 1SF once only.		
	But incorrect rounding e.g. 4.525 to 4.52 is penalised once separately as well.		
	Penalise wrong units once only as well.		
	(Mean titre = 9.05)	$9(0) \times 10^{-5} / 0.0009(0)$	
	$\frac{9.05 \times 0.01}{1000}$	5.(0) × 10 / 0.00009(0)	
	Allow 9.1 x $10^{-5}/0.000091$ (mol)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1	$(I_2(aq) + 2S_2O_3^{2-}(aq) \rightarrow) \\ 2I^{-}((aq)) + S_4O_6^{2-}((aq)) \\ (1) \\ (1) \\ (1)$		2
(c)(iii)	Marks stand alone for entities with balancing		
	Either of these on their own scores 1 mark regardless of anything else that is written		
	Multiples/fractions of equation allowed		
	Ignore state symbols even if incorrect		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (c)(iv)	$\frac{9.05 \times 10^{-5}}{2}$ = 4.525 x 10 ⁻⁵ /0.00004525(mol) Allow 4.53 x 10 ⁻⁵ /0.0000453 etc Allow TE <u>ans (ii)</u> 2 Accept TE from (iii) if you see it		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (c)(v)	4.525×10^{-5} /0.00004525 (mol) Allow TE = ans (iv) [Allow `ans (iv)' with no numbers for this part only]		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (c) (vi)	$4.525 \times 10^{-5} \times \frac{1000}{10} =$ 10 $4.525/4.53 \times 10^{-3}/0.004525/0.00453$ (mol dm ⁻³) Accept TE ans (v) x 100 [a calculated number must be given]		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1	Lilac	Violet	1
(d)(i)	Allow (light) purple or mauve	Reject any other colours	
		alone or in combination	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (d)(ii)	2K + Cl ₂ → 2KCl Accept multiples/fractions Ignore state symbols even if incorrect Ignore correct charges on ions in KCl	K_2 and/or KCl_2 Charges on reactants K and/or Cl_2	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (e)(i)	Hydrogen chloride	Hydrochloric acid	1
	This may be accompanied by HCI	HCI /HCI(g)/HCI (gas) alone SO ₂ H ₂ S Anything else	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (e)(ii)	Dissolves in moisture/water/water vapour (in the air) Or reacts with moisture/water/water vapour (in the air)	HCI condenses	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (e)(iii)	$NH_4CI / Ammonium chloride/ CINH_4$ $NH_4^+CI^- / H_4N^+CI^- / CI^-NH_4^+$	Ammonia chloride / NH ₃ Cl	1
	Ignore any states even if incorrect		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f)(i)	Any one of: Phosphorus(V) chloride/pentachloride Phosphorus(III) chloride/trichloride Allow (III/V) anywhere	Phosphorus chloride	1
	Concentrated hydrochloric acid Hydrogen chloride (gas) Sodium/potassium chloride and concentrated sulfuric acid Thionyl chloride Allow correct formula(e) for all above	Hydrochloric acid/HCl/ HCl(aq) Chlorine	
	But note: conc HCl / conc H ₂ SO ₄		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f) (ii)	Be generous here Horizontal test tube with ceramic fibre/ any sort of wool except iron (1)	Sealed apparatus but ignore inadvertent closures owing to poor cross-sectional drawings (-1) Poor diagram e.g. clear air gaps at intermediate joints in the apparatus(-1)	3
	soaked in 2-chlorobutane and (alcoholic) potassium hydroxide/reactants/ reagents/ chemicals/reaction mixture with heat (or any diagram of a heat source or the word heat) (1)	Solution/substances alone An arrow on its own	
	OR Round bottom/pear shaped flask/sloping test/boiling tube and heat (or any diagram of a heat source or the word heat) (1)	Conical/flat bottomed flask N.B. contradiction between drawing and any	
	containing 2-chlorobutane and (alcoholic) potassium hydroxide/reactants/ reagents/ chemicals/reaction mixture (1) Ignore:	label Solution/substances alone	
	any use of aluminium oxide/pumice reflux/distillation set up		
	Gas collection over water (1)		
	Ignore Bunsen valves	A poor diagram mark (which can be the second) should be deducted for the delivery tube through the side of trough and/or the delivery tube missing the	
	Allow:	collection tube.	
	Collection in a gas syringe		
	Note: This does not constitute a sealed apparatus		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (a)	Mark independently From: colourless (1) To: pink / (pale) red (1) If colour change wrong way round max (1)	From: clear To: magenta / purple / cerise	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (b	(Titres 2, 3 and 4) are concordant / within 0.2 (cm ³) / within 0.1 (cm ³) / consistent OR Titre 1 is rough / trial / a rangefinder / too far out / overshot <i>ALLOW</i> Titre 1 is an outlier / is anomalous	Just "very similar" / within 0.05 / within 0.5 Titre 1 "very different" Just "not accurate" "Titration 1 is a control experiment"	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (c)	28.00 (cm ³) / 28.0 (cm ³) / 28 (cm ³)	28.14 (cm ³) / 28.1 (cm ³) / 28.13 (cm ³)	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d)(i)	$\frac{0.100 \times 28.00}{1000} = 0.0028 / 2.8 \times 10^{-3} $ (mol)		1
	ALLOW TE from (c)		
	IGNORE sf except one sf		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d)(ii)	0.0028 / 2.8 x 10 ⁻³ (mol)		1
	OR		
	Same answer to (d)(i) if TE applied		
	IGNORE sf except one sf		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d)(iii)	$\frac{0.0028}{0.025} = 0.112 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)}$		1
	OR		
	Answer to <u>(d)(ii)</u> if TE applied from (d)(ii) 0.025		
	IGNORE sf except one sf		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d)(iv)	10 x 0.112 = 1.12 (mol dm ⁻³)		1
	OR		
	Answer to (d)(iii) x 10 if TE applied from (d)(iii)		
	IGNORE sf except one sf		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (d)(v)	1.12 x 60 = 67.2 (g dm ⁻³)	67.1	1
	OR		
	Answer to (d)(iv) x 60 if TE applied from (d)(iv)		
	IGNORE sf except one sf		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (e)	<i>NOTE</i> : answer must refer to making up the diluted solution and not the titration <i>NOTE:</i> the Reason mark must be correctly linked to the Improvement		2
	Improvement: Use a pipette / burette to measure acid (solution) (1)	Use of volumetric flask for initial measurement of volume of vinegar solution	
	Reason: Pipette / burette more accurate (than a measuring cylinder) (1)	"more reliable"	
	ALLOW "more precise"		
	OR Improvement: Shake / invert the volumetric flask (thoroughly) (1)	swirl (the flask)	
	Reason: To ensure a uniform concentration (1)	to ensure "fully dissolved"	
	OR Improvement: Rinse out measuring cylinder (and transfer washings to the volumetric flask) (1)	just "rinse out apparatus"	
	Reason: To ensure all the acid is transferred (to the volumetric flask) (1)		
	OR Improvement: Use a (teat) pipette to make up to the mark (in volumetric flask) (1)		
	Reason: To ensure volume of solution accurately measured (1)	Any suggested improvements relating to the titration part of this experiment	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (f)(i)	Z / between 27.85 and 28.05 (cm ³)		1
	<i>ALLOW</i> 27.95 ±0.10 (cm ³)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
2 (f)(ii)	 Any one of the following / a statement equivalent to: overshoots/misses end-point water left in burette / pipette air lock below tap in burette / air in pipette burette not vertical alkali not at stated concentration leaking tap not reading meniscus at eye-level funnel left in top of burette not reading level against a white background not reading meniscus correctly washing pipette between titres washing the flask with the solution that will go in it not swirling flask / mixture 	"water left in conical flask" just "measurements may be inaccurate" "there could be uncertainty with other equipment" "contamination of the vinegar"	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
17 (a) (i)	$2AI(s) + 2OH^{-}(aq) + 2H_2O(I) \rightarrow 2AIO_2^{-}(aq) + 3H_2(g)$	202 ²⁻ (aq)	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (a)(ii)	$\left(\frac{2 \times 10}{1000} = 0.02 / 2 \times 10^{-2}\right)$ Ignore trailing zeroes		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3	$0.02 / 2 \times 10^{-2}$		1
(a)(iii)	Accept TE answer to (ii)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (a)(iv)	$0.02 \times 27.0 = 0.54 / 5.4 \times 10^{-1}$ (g) TE answer to (iii) OR (ii) x 27.0 Ignore sf except 1	Other unit	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3	$(1.1 \times 0.54) = 0.59(4) / 5.9(4) \times 10^{-1}(g)$		1
(a) (v)	TE answer to (iv) x 1.1		
	Ignore sf except 1 Only penalise sf once		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
3 (a)(vi)	Potassium hydroxide / KOH (solution) corrosive / burns / caustic OR) is	Toxic, carcinogenic, alone or in combination	2
	KOH damages / harms / is harmful to / dissolves / reacts with skin / eye(s)	/ is harmful to / answer kin / eye(s) (1)	with correct arms / is harmful to / answer with skin / eye(s) (1)	
	OR			
	KOH in eye(s)	(1)		
	Ignore Harmful, irritant, highly reactive alone			
	Hydrogen / H_2 is flammable / explodes explosive	/ (1)	Burns alone	
	Allow mention of both potassium hydroxi and hydrogen alone scores	de (1)	Additional chemicals	
	Allow Al foil can cut your skin	(1)		
	Correct answer with additional incorrect chemistry e.g. KOH is oxidising so corros scores (0)	ive		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(i)	$\begin{array}{l} KAIO_2(aq) + 2H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow KAI(SO_4)_2(aq) + \\ 2H_2O(I) \end{array}$		1
	Allow multiples		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(ii)	$\frac{2 \times 1000 \times 0.02}{1} = 40 \text{ (cm}^{3}\text{)}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ Allow 0.04(0) dm ³ TE answer to (a)(ii) x 2000 and TE from (b)(i)		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
3	Litmus (paper / solution)	(1)		2
(b)(iii)	Red / pink (in acid)	(1)		
	OR			
	any other named acid-base indicator including universal indicator (1) with a correct acidic colour (1)			
	NB phenolphthalein must be spelt correct to score (1) and no mark for colour	ly		
	Notice that other indicators only require recognisable spellings			
	Red litmus turns blue scores for the indic	ator		
		(1)		
	OR			
	pH meter / universal indicator (1) with value < 7 (1)			
	NB measure pH alone (0) pH < 7 (1)			
	OR			
	add a (metal) carbonate / suitable metal Mg (1) bubbles / fizzing (1)	eg		
	Calculation of amounts / moles of both reactants (1 maximum)			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3	Each point must be made in full		4
(b) (iv)	The second and final scoring points, which are asterisked, can only be gained through these statements. Two further marks can be scored for any two of the other four points.		
	1 Filter (to remove any aluminium / impurities) (1)		
	NB This mark can only be awarded if it is the first action and the mixture is subsequently heated.		
	2 *Boil / heat / evaporate to reduce the volume of water (1)	Leave in the sun	
	NB boil / heat to remove water only gets the mark if it is clear, subsequently, that some solution is left	If boiled to dry stop marking here	
	3 Cool / set aside / leave to allow crystals to form (1)		
	4 Filter		
	OR		
	pick out / remove / take out crystals (to separate) (1)	Heat in oven	
	5 Wash with a little/cold water (1)		
	6 *Place between filter papers / dab with paper towel / use dessicator (to dry) (1)		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3	White / colourless	Any other colours with or	1
(b)(v)	Ignore clear / transparent / cloudy / opaque e.g. accept clear and colourless	without white	

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (b)(vi)	Cr ³⁺ / Fe ³⁺ / Sc ³⁺ / Ga ³⁺ Accept any feasible triply positive metal ion Allow B ³⁺	Al ³⁺ and anything else	1
	Allow any name or symbol for a Group 3 element Allow named existing transition metal ions with (III) after the name (if they exist)	Group 3 element with incorrect charge	
	Fully correct formula for an alum or intermediate starting entity Eg KGa(SO ₄) ₂ / KGaO ₂		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4 (a)	All have the same number of electrons / all have one (s) electron / same electron configuration(1)	All have one p electron	З
	All have the same number of protons / all have one proton (1)		
	The first has no neutrons, the second one neutron and the third two neutrons	Different number of neutrons alone	
	Allow deuterium has one more neutron, tritium two more neutrons (1)		
	Ignore references to same atomic number and different mass numbers		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4 (b)	(\mathbf{W} + \mathbf{W} → \mathbf{W} +) \mathbf{W} Numbers can be on either side or both sides		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
4 (c)(i)	Molar mass / M(r) / 3+2 / 2+3			2
	$= 5 (g \text{ mol}^{-1}) (1)$			
	Number of moles = $4/5$			
	= 0.8 (1)		Penalise incorrect units	
	O.8 with correct working, with wrong working, or with no working	(2)		
	Allow internal TE if Molar mass clearly indicated and incorrect eg			
	Molar mass / $M(r) = 6 (g mol^{-1})$ (0)			
	Number of moles = $4/6$			
	= 0.67 (1)			

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4 (c)(ii)	24 000 x $0.8 = 19 200 (cm^3)$ Allow 19.2 dm ³ Allow TE from (c)(i)	Incorrect units	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4 (d)	<u>1.0078 x 99.9850 + 2.0141 x 0.0150</u> 100 OR <u>1.0078 x 99.9850 + 2.0141 x 0.0150</u> 99.9850 + 0.0150		2
	(1)		
	Notice this working must be shown in full to score first mark.		
	(= 1.007951)		
	= 1.0080 (1)		
	1.008 max 1 with or without working	Incorrect units e.g.	
	Correct answer no working (2)		
	Only give second mark for correct answer to 4 decimal places		
	Ignore g mol ⁻¹		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4 (e)(i)	Single arrow upwards from lowest line to infinity line (allow above or very close below)	More than one line	1
	Allow double headed arrow		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4 (e)(ii)	Hydrogen 1s ¹		2
	and		
	Sodium $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^1$ (1)	1s ² 2s ¹	
	Electron numbers may be on lines or subscript.		
	Both have one (s) electron in the outer shell / orbital / sub shell	half filled s outer shell	
	OR		
	same number of electrons / same electron(ic) configuration in outer shell / orbital / sub shell	same electron(ic) configuration alone	
	OR		
	Both have an/one unpaired electron in their outer / last shell / orbital / sub shell (1)		
	Second mark depends on one outer shell s electron shown for each electronic configuration		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers		Reject	Mark
4 (f)	Helium	(1)	Any other elements	3
	Any two from the following points:			
	Electron removed is closest / close to th nucleus	ne (1)		
	Little shielding, allow no shielding	(1)		
	More protons / higher nuclear charge the hydrogen. Allow higher effective nuclea charge	nan r (1)		
	NB second and third marks can be gain hydrogen is given:	ed if		
	Electron removed is close / closest to th nucleus	ne (1)		
	No shielding	(1)		